## **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

*Digital Electronics* is a course in which students will construct and test fundamental digital logic circuits such as gates, counters, oscillators, and switches. A/D and D/A convertors will be applied to signal processing. Microcontroller programs will be modified and microcontrollers applied to closed-circuit control systems. The course culminates in a group project to create a digital servo control loop. Emphasis is on hands-on activities, real-world equipment, and current technology.

Prerequisites: Algebra I or Math for Technology II;

**Programming and Logic (may be concurrent)** 

**Recommended Credits:** 1

Recommended Grade Level(s): 10<sup>th</sup>, 11<sup>th</sup> or 12th

# DIGITAL ELECTRONICS STANDARDS

- 1.0 Students will demonstrate the use of gates and counters in logic circuits.
- 2.0 Students will demonstrate the use of oscillators in logic circuits.
- 3.0 Students will demonstrate the functions of and be able to operate switches and multiplexers in signal distribution.
- 4.0 Students will demonstrate the functions of and be able to operate analog and digital convertors.
- 5.0 Students will program and modify microcontrollers.
- 6.0 Students will demonstrate leadership, citizenship, and teamwork skills required for success in the school, community, and workplace.

## STANDARD 1.0

Students will demonstrate the use of gates and counters in logic circuits.

## LEARNING EXPECTATIONS

#### The student will:

- 1.1 Construct logic circuits using gates.
- 1.2 Construct logic circuits using flip-flops, counters, and gates.

## PERFORMANCE STANDARDS: EVIDENCE STANDARD IS MET

#### The student:

- 1.1.A Analyzes the function of gates in logic circuits.
- 1.1.B Constructs logic circuits using AND, OR, NOR, and XOR gates as described by logic statements and schematic circuits
- 1.2.A Analyzes the function of flip-flops, counters, and gates in logic circuits.
- 1.2.B Constructs logic circuits using flip-flops, counters, and gates as described by given logic statements and schematic circuits.

## SAMPLE PERFORMANCE TASKS

- Create a circuits wing AND,OR, NOR, and XOR gates to execute given Boolean expressions based on several inputs.
- Create circuits using flip-flops to act as a counter.
- Create a circuit using flip-flops to make a four digit binary to decimal converter.

## **INTEGRATION/LINKAGES**

# STANDARD 2.0

Students will demonstrate the use of oscillators in logic circuits.

## LEARNING EXPECTATIONS

#### The student will:

- 2.1 Examine the functions of RC (resistor and capacitor) and crystal-controlled oscillators.
- 2.2 Construct RC and crystal-controlled oscillators.

## PERFORMANCE STANDARDS: EVIDENCE STANDARD IS MET

### The student:

- 2.1.A Analyzes the purpose and functions of RC and crystal-controlled oscillators.
- 2.1.B Generates examples of uses of oscillators.
- 2.2.A Interprets schematics containing oscillator circuits.
- 2.2.B Constructs RC and crystal-controlled oscillators based on schematics.

### SAMPLE PERFORMANCE TASKS

- Build an oscillator circuit (RC) to provide a clock signal.
- Build an oscillator circuit (crystal-controlled) to provide a precision clock signal.
- Build a multitone oscillator system (organ).
- Build a tone generator for signal tracing.

### INTEGRATION/LINKAGES

## STANDARD 3.0

Students will demonstrate the functions of and be able to operate switches and multiplexers in signal distribution.

## LEARNING EXPECTATIONS

#### The student will:

- 3.1 Use digitally controlled analog switches to control analog and digital signal distribution.
- 3.2 Use analog switches to perform multiplexing functions.

## PERFORMANCE STANDARDS: EVIDENCE STANDARD IS MET

#### The student:

- 3.1.A Explains and demonstrates the features and functions of digitally controlled analog switches.
- 3.1.B Applies digitally controlled analog switches to control analog and digital signal distribution as described by schematic circuits.
- 3.2.A Identifies desired multiplexing functions.
- 3.2.B Groups analog switches to perform the desired multiplexing functions.

### SAMPLE PERFORMANCE TASKS

- Create a circuit that serves as a synchronous detector.
- Construct an eight-channel analog multiplexer using discrete components.
- Build a circuit to turn on a rectangular array of LEDs (light-emitting diodes) to display alphanumeric characters.

### INTEGRATION/LINKAGES

# STANDARD 4.0

Students will demonstrate the functions of and be able to operate analog and digital convertors.

## LEARNING EXPECTATIONS

#### The student will:

- 4.1 Compare and contrast analog and digital data.
- 4.2 Determine sampling rates required for input signals.
- 4.3 Interpret and create block diagrams of D/A (digital/analog) and A/D convertors.

# PERFORMANCE STANDARDS: EVIDENCE STANDARD IS MET

#### The student:

- 4.1.A Distinguishes the characteristics of analog versus digital data.
- 4.1.B Explains the consequences of choices at level of quantization (sample rate, number of bits, etc.).
- 4.2.A Evaluates sampling rates.
- 4.2.B Determines the minimum sampling rate required for an input signal of known maximum frequency.
- 4.3.A Draws block diagrams of successive approximation D/A convertors.
- 4.3.B Draws block diagrams of successive approximation A/D convertors.

# SAMPLE PERFORMANCE TASKS

- Display on an oscilloscope simultaneously the analog input and serial digital output of a A/D converter.
- Observe efforts of sampling rate at an A/D-D/A pair on the analog signal in and out.
- Determine suitability of a converter based on block diagrams and specifications for an application such as audio conversion.

## INTEGRATION/LINKAGES

# STANDARD 5.0

Students will program and modify microcontrollers.

### LEARNING EXPECTATIONS

#### The student will:

- 5.1 Use and modify microcontroller features.
- 5.2 Explore microcontroller support devices.
- 5.3 Program microcontrollers.

## PERFORMANCE STANDARDS: EVIDENCE STANDARD IS MET

#### The student:

- 5.1.A Describes and explains the basic features of microcontrollers.
- 5.1.B Uses a high-level computer language and compiler to debug and modify existing microcontroller programs to achieve desired results.
- 5.2.A Identifies typical peripheral chips and devices used to support microcontrollers, such as memory, display, and signal interface chips.
- 5.2.B Illustrates the functions of typical peripheral chips and devices used to support microcontrollers.
- 5.3.A Constructs and programs computational algorithms on breadboarded microcontrollers to read and display analog and digital input.
- 5.3.B Modifies input signals to create desired outputs (digital and/or analog).
- 5.3.C Creates servo controls for a given purpose.

### SAMPLE PERFORMANCE TASKS

- Modify an existing numerically-controlled program to accomplish a minor change in result.
- Design and program a microcontroller temperature control circuit for an industrial oven to follow a specified temperature profile.

## INTEGRATION/LINKAGES

## STANDARD 6.0

Students will demonstrate leadership, citizenship, and teamwork skills required for success in the school, community, and workplace.

## LEARNING EXPECTATIONS

#### The The student will:

- 6.1 Demonstrate dignity in work.
- 6.2 Participate in SkillsUSA-VICA as an integral part of classroom instruction.
- 6.3 Evaluate school, community, and workplace situations by applying problem-solving and decision-making skills.
- 6.4 Demonstrate the ability to work professionally with others.

## PERFORMANCE STANDARDS: EVIDENCE STANDARD IS MET

#### The student:

- 6.1.A Demonstrates attitudes conducive to success, through exhibiting characteristics of honesty, integrity, flexibility, adaptability, patience, objectivity, tolerance, perseverance, and initiative.
- 6.1.B Researches the Internet for continuing education in an appropriate industry.
- 6.2.A Compares the relationship between work ethics and personal job success.
- 6.2.B Presents information valuable to consumers to school, community, and professional groups.
- 6.3 Analyzes situations in the workplace and uses problem-solving techniques to solve and create a desirable environment.
- 6.4.A Participates in job shadowing.
- 6.4.B Manages an officer or national voting delegate campaign with Tennessee SkillsUSA-VICA.

## SAMPLE PERFORMANCE TASKS

- Students prepare a resume.
- Students develop a plan for continuing education in the digital electronics industry.
- Students create a chart showing personal goals for future growth in the industry.
- Students participate in various SkillsUSA-VICA programs and/or competitive events.
- Students attend a professional organization meeting.
- Students participate in the American Spirit Award competition with SkillsUSA-VICA.
- Students develop a plan of action for an officer candidate or national voting delegate.
- Students participate in job shadowing or internship in the manufacturing industry.

# INTEGRATION /LINKAGES

SkillsUSA-VICA, *Professional Development Program*, SkillsUSA-VICA, Communications and Writing Skills, Teambuilding Skills, Research, Language Arts, Sociology, Psychology, Math, Math for Technology, Applied Communications, Social Studies, Problem Solving, Interpersonal Skills, Employability Skills, Critical-Thinking Skills, Secretary's Commission on Achieving Necessary Skills (SCANS), Chamber of Commerce, Colleges, Universities, Technology Centers, and Employment Agencies

# SAMPLING OF AVAILABLE RESOURCES

Digital Electronics: Principles and Applications. Glencoe, 1999. Digital Electronics: A Simplified Approach. Prentice-Hall, 2001. Digital Systems: Principles and Applications. Prentice-Hall, 2001. Practical Approach to Digital Electronics. Prentice-Hall, 2000. First Course in Digital Electronics. Prentice-Hall, 1999. Introductory Digital Electronics. Prentice-Hall, 1998.